

# Workbook



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# Variable Mass

## Using the Equation

### Example

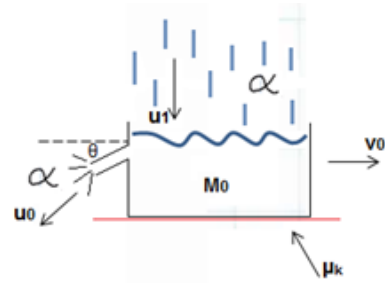
**1) Varying Mass and Friction.**

A cart, with an initial mass  $m_0$ , is traveling on a surface with a coefficient of friction,  $\mu_k$ .

At one end of the cart there is a hose which ejects water at a rate of  $\alpha$  and at a velocity  $u_0$ .

The hose is at an  $\angle \theta^\circ$  to the  $x$ -axis.

- Write an equation of motion.
- Find the velocity as a function of time.



## End of Chapter Questions

### Questions

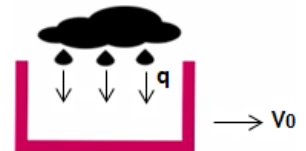
**2) Rain into a Cart.**

A cart of mass  $M_0$  is traveling at an initial velocity  $V_0$ .

At  $t = 0$ , rain falling perpendicularly to the ground starts filling the cart at a rate  $q$ .

- What is the velocity of the cart as a function of time?
- When the cart reaches a mass of  $M_f$  the rain stops.

What is the velocity of the cart after the rain stops?



**3) Balloon.**

A balloon of mass  $M$  is filled with gas.  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the balloon's mass is the mass of the gas.

The balloon is released from rest and the gas exits the balloon at a velocity of  $u$  relative to the balloon.

The balloon accelerates upwards along a straight line at an acceleration of  $0.5g$ .

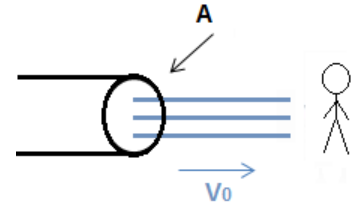
- At what rate is the gas emitted?
- What is the maximum height the balloon will reach?

4) **Hose Spraying on Person.**

A hose sprays water on a person. The cross-sectional area of the hose is  $A$  and the density of the water is  $\rho$ .

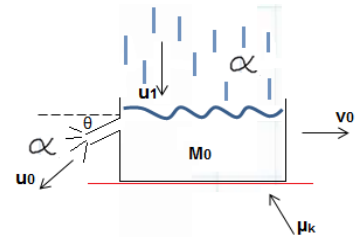
The velocity with which the water exits the hose is  $v_0$ .

- Find the force acting on the stationary person being sprayed, given that no water is sprayed back.
- Find the force acting on the person who is running away at a velocity  $v < v_0$ .



5) **A Cart with Accretion Ejection and Friction.**

- Find the cart's equation of motion.
- What is  $v_f$  of the cart?
- What is the velocity of the cars as a function of time?

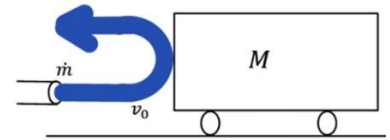


6) **Elastic Collision - Water Sprayed on a Cart.**

A cart of mass  $M$  is on a flat, frictionless plane. A hose sprays water on the cart, driving the cart

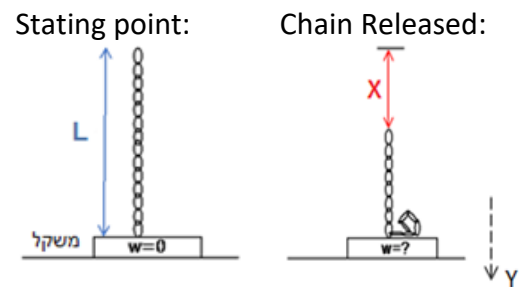
forwards. The water exits the hose at a rate of  $\frac{dm}{dt}$ , with a velocity of  $v_0$ .

The collision between the water and the cart is elastic. What is the velocity of the cart, as a function of time?



7) **Chain Falling on Scale**

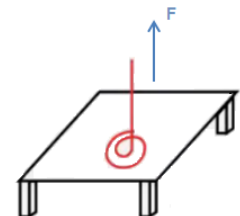
A chain of length  $L$  and mass  $M$  is held vertically above a scale, such that the bottom end is just touching the scale. The chain is then released from rest. Find the weight shown on the scale as a function for  $x$  (the distance which the top end of the chain fell).



8) **Lifting a String off the Table.**

A string of mass  $m$  and length  $l$  is resting on a table. A force,  $F$ , begins lifting the string, at a velocity of  $V_0$ .

- What is the force as a function of time?
- How much energy is wasted as a function of the distance travelled?



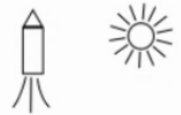
9) **Rocket Orbiting a Star.**

A rocket of mass  $m_0$  orbits a star of mass  $M$ , a distance of  $r_0$  away.

The rocket is moving at a velocity of  $v_0$ .

At time  $t = 0$ , the rocket emits gas at a relative velocity of  $u$  and at a rate of  $\alpha$ .

Find the equation of motion of the rocket in the radial direction.



10) **Rain at an Angle.**

Cart A has an initial mass,  $M_0$ , and an initial velocity of  $v_0$  in the right direction.

Rain falls in the cart at  $\alpha^\circ$  and velocity  $u$  such that the cart fills up at a rate of  $q$ .

Cart B has the same starting mass as A and the same initial velocity as A.

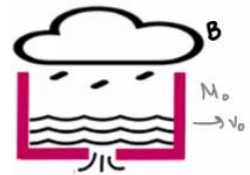
Cart B is already filled with rain water.

There is a hole in the cart and water is let out at the same rate as water enters.

Write an equation for the velocity of each cart as a function of time.



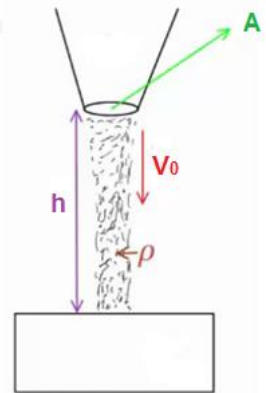
$$\sum F_{ext} = M \frac{dv}{dt} + \left| \frac{dm}{dt} \right| u (-1)$$



11) **Funnel and Scales**

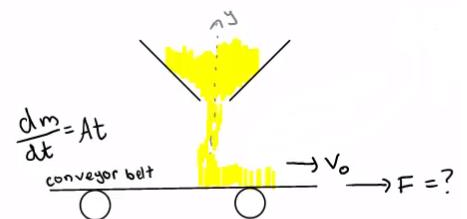
- How much sand exits through the funnel per second?
- What is the velocity of the sand when it hits the scales?
- Whilst the sand is falling, when the scales show  $W$ , what is the ratio between the real weight of the sand on the scale. Compared to the indicated mass on the scale?
- When a weight of  $W$  is shown on the scale, the funnels opening is shut. After some moments, what weight will the scale measure?
- The scale is now accelerated upwards at  $a = 5 \frac{m}{s^2}$ .

What weight will the scale show after some time?



12) **Sand on a Conveyor Belt**

- What force,  $F$ , would we need, in order for the conveyor belt to travel at a constant velocity?
- How much energy is invested per second?



Answer Key

1) a.  $\mu_k((\mu_0 - \alpha t)g - u_0 \sin \theta \alpha) = (\mu_0 - \alpha t) \frac{dv_x}{dt} - \mu_0 \cos \theta \alpha$       b.  $v(t) = -\mu_k g t - \frac{c}{\alpha} \ln \left( \frac{M_0 - \alpha t}{M_0} \right)$

2) a.  $v(t) = \frac{M_0 V_0}{M_0 + qt}$       b.  $v_f = \frac{M_0 V_0}{M_f}$

3) a.  $\frac{dm}{dt} = \frac{-3g}{2u_0} M e^{\frac{-3gt}{2u_0}}$       b.  $\Delta y_2 = \frac{1}{2g} \left( \frac{u_0 \ln 4}{3} \right)^2 + \frac{g}{4} \left( \frac{2u_0 \ln 4}{3g} \right)^2$

4) a.  $\sum F_{person} = \rho A v_0^2$       b.  $\sum F_{person} = \rho A (v_0 - v)^2$

5) a.  $-\mu_k N = M_0 \frac{dv}{dt} + \alpha v(t) - u_0 \alpha \cos \theta$       b.  $v_f = (u_0 \alpha \cos \theta - \mu_k N) \frac{1}{\alpha}$

c.  $v(t) = \frac{-1}{\alpha} e^{\frac{\alpha}{M_0} t} [(c - v_0) - c]$

6)  $v(t) = v_0 \left( 1 - \frac{M}{2mt + M} \right)$

7)  $N(x) = \frac{3M}{L} xg$

8) a.  $F = v_0^2 \frac{m}{L} v_0 t \frac{m}{L} g$       b.  $\Delta E_y = \frac{1}{2} v_0^2 \frac{m}{L} y$

9)  $\frac{-mM}{r^2} m \left( \ddot{r} - \frac{\left( v_0 - u \ln \frac{(m_0 - \alpha t)}{m_0} \right)^2}{r^2} \right)$

10) A:  $v(t) = \frac{M_0 (u \cos \alpha + v_0)}{M_0 + qt} - u \cos \alpha$ ,      B:  $v(t) = (u \cos \alpha + v_0) e^{\frac{-qt}{M_0}} - u \cos \alpha$